#### SEVERE LOCAL STORMS

[Compiled by Mary O. Souder from reports submitted by Weather Bureau officials]

[The table herewith contains such data as has been received concerning severe local storms that occurred during the month. A revised list of tornadoes will appear in the United States Meteorological Yearbook]

Place	Date	Time	Width of path, yards	Loss of life	Value of property destroyed	Character of storm	Remarks
California, southern San Joaquin Valley and adjoining foothills.	S-10			1	\$250,000	Wind	Much damage to buildings, trees and oil derricks. Flood conditions caused many rural schools to close. Heavy damage was reported to crops by the wind which ripped out thousands of acres of wheat. Citrus trees had their leaves stripped, in many cases. Numerous highways leading to the Angeles were blocked and, in the vicinity of Santa Barbara, rail travel delayed for several hours.
Rio Grande Valley, Tex.	11					do	Loss in citrus fruits. Reports indicate that as much as 20 percent of the grapefruit crop on the trees was blown to the ground and an equal amount
							remaining on the trees will be unfit for shipment in fresh-fruit channels.
Eureka, Calif	14	1:32 a. m				do	Several fishing vessels sunk or damaged; number of plate-glass windows
Morgan City, La New Mexico <sup>1</sup>	14 15	2:30 p. m	800	0	500	Tornado Snow, rain and wind.	broken.  No details.  No details.  Wind reaching a velocity of 75 miles an hour was recorded through Guadalupe Pass in the Guadalupe Mountains, along southern New Mexico-Texas line. In northern New Mexico snow fell over higher altitudes reaching as far south as Santa Fe. About 10 to 15 inches of snow reported in the Taos Questa area near the Colorado line.
Sabine Pass, Tex	16		<b></b>		1,000	Straight-line-wind	Property damaged.
Boyce, Tioga and Alexandria,	16	11:30 p. m		1		Thunderstorm	Man killed by lightning; trees uprooted; power lines damaged.
La. Atlantic City, N. J., <sup>1</sup> and vicinity.	16					and hail. Wind and rain	Rainfall of 1.78 inches recorded up to 7:30 p. m., with an extreme wind velocity of 58 miles per hour shortly after noon. Bus and automobile traffic somehwat delayed.
Virginia, western portion Opelousas, La., vicinity of	16 26	4:30 a. m			3, 500	Glaze Tornado	Damage to poles and wires. 5 Negroes injured; 2 houses demolished and 2 others damaged.

<sup>1</sup> From press reports.

# SOLAR RADIATION AND SUNSPOT DATA FOR JANUARY 1941

### SOLAR RADIATION OBSERVATIONS

By HELEN CULLINANE

Measurements of solar radiant energy received at the surface of the earth are made at 9 stations maintained by the Weather Bureau and at 10 cooperating stations maintained by other institutions. The intensity of the total radiation from sun and sky on a horizontal surface is continuously recorded (from sunrise to sunset) at all these stations by self-registering instruments; pyrheliometric measurements of the intensity of direct solar radiation at normal incidence are made at frequent intervals on clear days at two Weather Bureau stations (Madison, Wis.; Lincoln, Nebr.) and at the Blue Hill Observatory at Harvard University. Occasional observations of sky polarization are taken at the Weather Bureau station at Madison and at Blue Hill Observatory.

The geographic coordinates of the stations, and descriptions of the instrumental equipment, station exposures, and methods of observation, together with summaries of the data obtained, up to the end of 1936, will be found in the Monthly Weather Review, December 1937, pp. 415 to 441; further descriptions of instruments and methods are given in Weather Bureau Circular Q.

Table 1 contains the measurements of the intensity of direct solar radiation at normal incidence, with means and their departures from normal (means based on less than 3 values are in parentheses). At Lincoln the observations are made with the Marvin pyrheliometer; at Madison and Blue Hill they are obtained with a recording thermopile, checked by observations with a Smithsonian silverdisk pyrheliometer at Blue Hill. The table also gives vapor pressures at 7:30 a. m. and at 1:30 p. m. (75th meridian time).

Table 2 contains the average amounts of radiation received daily on a horizontal surface from both sun and

sky during each week, their departures from normal and the accumulated departures since the beginning of the year. The values at most of the stations are obtained from the records of the Eppley pyrheliometer recording on either a microammeter or a potentiometer.

Total solar and sky radiation was considerably deficient at Washington, Madison, Lincoln, Chicago, Fresno, La Jolla, Riverside, and Blue Hill, and considerably above normal at New Orleans and New York.

Normal incidence measurements at Madison, Wis., the only station reporting, showed a considerable excess in radiation.

No polarization measurements were made at either Madison or Blue Hill, due to snow cover and extreme cold.

Table 1.—Solar radiation intensities during January 1941

[Gram-calories per minute per square centimeter of normal surface]

MADISON, WIS.

	Sun's zenith distance															
	7:30 a. m.	78.7°	75.7°	70.7°	60.0°	0.0°	60.0°	70.7°	75.7°	78.7°	1:30 p. m.					
Date	75th		Air mass													
	mer. time		Α.	м.			Р. М			ď.						
	е	5.0	4.0	3.0	2.0	*1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	8					
Jan. 3	mm. 2, 26 1, 12 3, 30 2, 16	cal. 1. 11 .87 1. 06 1. 01 +. 06	cal. 1, 19 , 99 1, 22 1, 13 +.07	cal. 1. 26 1. 34 1. 22 1. 31 1. 28 +. 08	cal.	cal. 1. 76 1. 81 (1. 78) +. 12	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal.	mm. 2. 62 1. 29 3. 63 2. 87					

# MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW

Table 2.—Average daily totals of solar radiation (direct+diffuse) received on a horizontal surface

[Gram-calories per square centimeter] Washing-ton Cam-bridge New Orleans Friday Harbor Week beginning-Madison Lincoln Chicago La Jolla Fresno Newport querque side 220 198 285 201 cal. 279 240 310 251 cal. 111 78 97 49 Jan. 1. Jan. 8. Jan. 15. Jan. 22. 182 203 144 98 117 117 109 140 132 163 114 139 160 172 115 132 106 170 182 172 147 174 127 162 191 192 261 189 121 161 119 114 81 80 87 111 164 189 146 188 161  $\frac{176}{267}$ 191 135 164 263 271 DEPARTURES FROM WEEKLY NORMALS Jan. 1. Jan. 8. Jan. 15. Jan. 22.  $^{+11}_{+31}_{-24}_{+5}$  $^{+26}_{-1}_{-68}$ +3 +55 +39 +61  $-21 \\ +7 \\ -44 \\ -20$  $^{+28}_{-27}_{+32}_{-29}$  $^{+4}_{+22}_{-21}$ +19 -20 -11 +6 +1 -38 -46 +16 -78  $-100 \\ -43 \\ -78$ -78 -89

ACCUMULATED DEPARTURES ON JANUARY 28, 1941														
-175	-763	-1, 575	-308	+658	-490	-35	+161	-819	+1, 106	-1, 974	546	+28	+161	+14

Date

### LATE DATA FOR FAIRBANKS, ALASKA

## POSITIONS, AREAS, AND COUNTS OF SUN SPOTS-Con.

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Week beginning—	Total solar radiation	Departures
Dec. 3. Dec. 10.	7 3	-1 -2
Dec. 17	13	+6
Dec. 24.	5	

Total departure for the year, +5,243; percentage departure, +6.1.

### POSITIONS, AREAS, AND COUNTS OF SUN SPOTS

POS	POSITIONS, AREAS, AND COUNTS OF SUN SPOTS											ħ	m	F000		0	امرا	0			_	** 0 3* 1
[Communicated by Capt. J. F. Hellweg, U. S. Navy (Ret.), Superintendent, U. S. Navy Observatory.] All measurements and spot counts were made at the Naval Observator from plates taken at the observatories indicated. Difference in longitude is measure from the central meridian, positive toward the west. Latitude is positive toward the north. Areas are corrected for foreshortening and expressed in millionths of Sun hemisphere. For each day, under longitude, latitude, area of spot or group, and spot out, are included assumed longitude of center of the disk, assumed latitude of center.									al Observatory le is measured ive toward the	Jan. 5	12	48	7093 7095 7097 7094 7092 7098	$^{+10}_{+11}$ $^{+13}_{+15}$ $^{+33}_{+43}$	336 337 339 341 359 9	+19 +10 +11 +15 -8 +18	25 18 20 24 33 49	145 121 48 97 194 73	8 5 6 9 2	F	U. S. Naval.	
count, are included assumed longitude of center of the disk, assumed latitude of center on the disk, total area of spots and groups, and total spot count.								itude of center		ĺ			ĺ	(326)	(-4)		678	35				
		Heliographic								Jan. 6	11	56	7093 7095	-66 +23 +25 +27 +29	248 337 339	+21 +18 +10 +11	70 31 29 31	12 121 97	1 13 8	VG	Do.	
Date	East- ern stand- ard time	Mount Wilson group No.	Dif- fer- ence in	Lon- gi- tude	Lati- tude	Dis- tance from cen-	Area of spot or group	Spot count	Plate qual- ity	Observatory				7097 7094 7092 7098	+27 +29 +46 +57	341 343 0 11	$\begin{vmatrix} +11 \\ +15 \\ -9 \\ +17 \end{vmatrix}$	31 35 46 60	48 97 364 12	7 9 10 1		
			longi- tude			ter of disk										(314)	(-4)		751	49		
1941 Jan, 1	h m 13 33	7096 7095 7094 7097 7093 7094 7092 7098	-46 -43 -41 -40 -39 -38 -15 -14	333 336 338 339 340 341 4	0 +2 +8 +15 +9 +18 +13 -8 +18	47 45 45 41 44 41 16 25	6 73 66 48 36 97 145	1 5 8 2 1 8 7	G	U. S. Naval.	Jan. 7	13	1	8002 8001 7093 8000 7095 7097 7094 7092 7098	-84 -63 +37 +39 +39 +42 +43 +61 +68	216 237 337 339 339 342 343 1 8	+11 -10 +17 +5 +10 +11 +15 -9 +17	84 63 42 40 41 44 47 61 70	194 158 36 121 36 24 48 364 12	1 10 4 14 10 5 6 10	VG	Do.
		1080	-14	(19)	(-3)	20	483	33								(300)	(-4)		993	61		
Jan. 2	10 47	7096 7095 7094 7097 7093 7094 7092 7098	-33 -31 -29 -28 -27 -26 -3 -2	334 336 338 339 340 241 4	+2 +8 +15 +9 +18 +13 -8 +18	33 33 34 31 34 31 6	24 73 61 48 36 48 48 12	6 7 8 9 5 16 9	va	Mt. Wilson.	Jan. 8	12	56	8002 8001 * 8000 7095 7097 7094 7092	-70 -49 +42 +52 +53 +56 +56 +75	217 238 329 339 340 343 343	+11 -10 +9 +5 +10 +11 +14 -9	72 49 44 53 56 58 59 75	170 170 24 48 12 12 12 12 364	1 7 7 5 1 3 3	G.	Do.
	1			(7)	(-3)		350	61								(287)	(-4)		812	34		
Jan. 3	11 3	7095 7094 7097	-17 -16 -14	337 338 340	+8 +16 +9	20 25 19	121 121 97	8 8 12	VG	Do.	Jan. 9	12	14	8002 8001	-56 -35	218 239	+7 -10	57 36	97 121	3	VP	Do.
		7099 7094	$-14 \\ -13$	340 341	-15 + 13	19 20	12 97	2 13								(274)	(-4)		218	4		
		7093 7092 7098	-13 +14 +17	341 8 11 (354)	+19 -8 +17 (-3)	25 15 27	24 24 12 508	3 5 3 54			Jan, 10	12	1	8007 8002 8001 8003	-72 -43 -21 +17 +54	189 218 240 278 315	$ \begin{array}{r} -4 \\ +11 \\ -10 \\ +19 \\ +3 \end{array} $	72 46 22 23 54	24 97 170 12 170	3 2 17 1 13	<b>V</b> G	Do.
Jan, 4	11 14	:	-22 -7	318 333	-11 -14	23 13	24 12	3 2 6	G	U.S. Naval.						(261)	(-4)	į	473	36	ļ	
		7094 7095 * 7094 7097 7093 7098	7095	-4 336 -3 337 -2 338 -1 339 -1 339 +29 9	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 6 & +9 \\ 7 & +24 \\ 8 & +14 \\ 9 & +9 \\ 9 & +20 \\ 9 & +19 \end{array} $	20 13 27 18 12 23 36	145 73 12 73 48 36 73 496	6 9 4 8 4 1 4			Jan. 11	10	32	8007 8002 8001 8005 8004 8003	-58 -29 -8 +6 +45 +68	191 220 241 255 294 317 (249)	-4 +11 -10 -7 -10 +3 (-4)	58 32 11 6 45 69	24 97 73 24 12 158	3 1 9 4 1 9	G	Do.
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See footnotes at end of table.